**Multiple Choice Questions**

1. Occupational therapists address these VPI in children with CP, using a top-down approach.
2. True
3. False (Bottom up)
4. The three main subtypes of CP identified by the Surveillance of Cerebral Palsy in Europe (SCPE) are:
5. Hemiplegic, diplegic and ataxic
6. Spastic, dyskinetic and ataxic
7. Quadriplegiac diplegic and spastic
8. Dyskinetic, quadriplegic and hemiplegic
9. Ataxic, dyskinetic and quadriplegic
10. Ataxia CP is the least common type of CP and is caused by damage to the cerebellum and cerebellar pathways
11. True
12. False
13. Which of the following are subtests of the TVPS-3:
14. Visual Memory
15. Visual Discrimination
16. Visual Motor Speed
17. Spatial Relationships
18. Visual Closure
19. What percentage of participants in this study scored within normal range or above average for their age group on the TVPS-3
20. 80%
21. 16%
22. 45%
23. 7%
24. 3%
25. Which subtests of the TVPS-3 were found to have statistically significant differences between the subtypes of CP
26. Form constancy and visual discrimination
27. Visual discrimination and spatial relations
28. Figure ground and Visual discrimination
29. Sequential memory and figure ground
30. Visual closure and figure ground
31. Which subtype of CP had the highest overall scores on the TVPS-3?
32. Spastic unilateral (right) CP
33. Ataxic CP
34. Spastic unilateral (left) CP
35. Spastic bilateral (LL) CP
36. Spastic bilateral (UL and LL) CP
37. The participants with left spastic unilateral CP had consistently lower scores on all subtests and composite scores than those with right spastic unilateral CP.
38. True
39. False
40. the participants with spastic bilateral (LL) CP had a higher overall score on the TVPS -3 than the participants with spastic bilateral (LL & UL) CP.
41. True
42. False
43. A significant difference was found (p=0.031) in the Basic Processes standard scores of male and female participants which found that:
44. Males had higher scores than females
45. Females had higher scores than males
46. Females and males had the same scores
47. None of the above