MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. According to the cancer association of south Africa, what is the prevalence of childhood cancer?
2. 1 in 1000
3. 1 in 100000
4. 1 in 600
5. 1 in 3
6. What are the psychological the difficulties?
7. distress, shock, coping difficulties and emotional pain
8. anxiety and stress
9. burden of trying to keep the family intact while looking after the child with cancer
10. All of the above
11. What data collection was used in the study
12. Semi structured interviews and focus groups
13. Questionnaires
14. Participant observations
15. Document review
16. What were the main themes that emerged from the study

a) The Mothers’ Emotional Reactions to Having a Child with Cancer

b) Community Insight and Beliefs

c) Factors That Promoted Resilience in the mothers

d) Impact on Mothers’ Occupational Roles

e) all of the above

5) Which subtheme is the following below quote from?

*“It is difficult being away from home because everything stops, since most of the things at home are done by you as a mother. There is absolutely nothing that goes on within the home without me”. Thandi*

1. Mothers’ Responsibilities
2. Traditional African Beliefs
3. Disruption at Home and shifting responsibilities
4. Coping Mechanisms and Ways to cope
5. What were the traditional beliefs around having a child with cancer?
6. consult traditional healers prior to seeking western medical help
7. cancer was a result of traditional causes, such as a curse on the family or the ancestors being angry
8. only adults get cancer children cannot get chancer
9. a and c
10. a and b
11. all of the above
12. What coping mechanisms were used by the mothers?

a) Reliance on telephonic communication

b) Support from their family

c) Spiritual beliefs

d) Residential facility like CHOC

e) all of the above

1. What effect did the child having cancer have on the family in terms of their occupational role
2. Occupational deprivation
3. Occupational imbalance
4. Occupational disruption
5. Tasks shifting
6. a, b, c
7. b,c,d
8. all the above
9. How did the silence about the child’s condition affect the mother
10. They could not access help in the community
11. They felt that alone
12. They were happy that no-one knew
13. All of the above
14. What role do occupational therapists have to play?
15. Identify parents at risk of occupational disruptions and imbalance
16. Addressing the psychological difficulty that parents face as well as providing intervention for the child
17. Improving communication between medical staff and mothers and the mothers insight into the conditions
18. Providing a opportunities for the mothers to gain support through sharing their peer through sharing their stories
19. All of the above